



Fourth Estate



A Monthly Newsletter for the

Sir Knights of Father Jerome Kleber Assembly 1970

Volume 4, Issue 9

April 2024

Faithful Navigator's Log

Sir Knight Faithful Navigator Jesus Quintanar: Easter Sunday, which celebrates the Resurrection, is the culmination of God's love and His Gift to Mankind, **Jesus**. As Knights, how can we return God's love? Examining the Four Degrees of the *[continued on page 2]*

Grand Knights' Notes

Council 6711 SK PFN Grand Knight Chuy Perez: In March, Thunderbird Council 6711 held three fish fries and sold empanadas. On Sunday, April 28, there will be a Memorial Mass for Deceased Priests and Knights at Saint Matthew Catholic Church.

Council 10788 Grand Knight Santiago Ogeda: Shepherd of the Valley Council 10788 had no report.

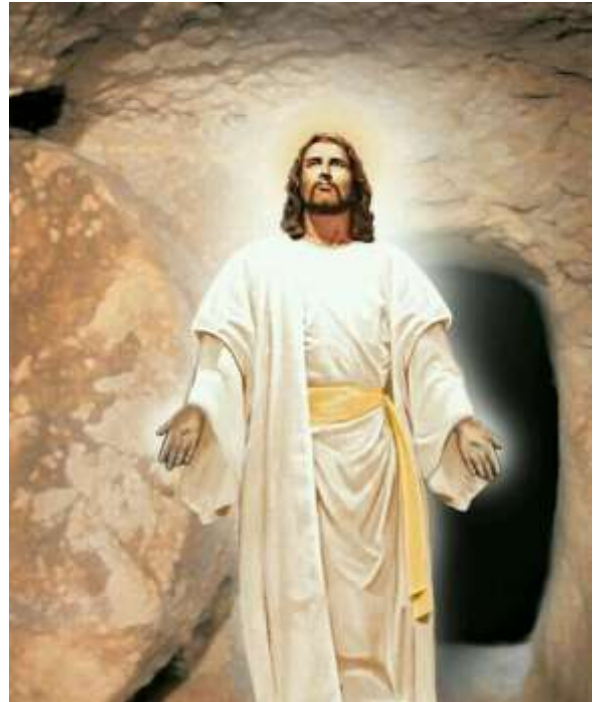
Council 12160 SK Grand Knight Mike Chavarria: In March, Franklin Mountains Council 12160 offered three fish fries, donated \$500 to the Sisters of Malta, and in April will be holding a recruiting event.

Council 14413 SK Grand Knight Dan Fenton: In March, Rio Grande Council 14413 conducted four fish fries, held a 50-50 Raffle, supported a Reconciliation Service, and participated in the Good Friday Mount Cristo Rey walk. In April, the Council will hold a Wheelchair Campaign, a Burrito Breakfast, and host a Fellowship (coffee/doughnuts) one weekend after all Masses.

Council 17420 SK Grand Knight Eric Zubia: San Francisco de Asís Council 17420 had nothing to report.

Assistant Diocesan Deputy's Desk

SK Assistant Diocesan Deputy John Danley: I would like to thank all of you for your commitment to your Fish Fries and Lenten dinners for your Parishes. They are hard work but your endeavors are greatly appreciated by your fellow Parishioners. I hope you all can make the State Convention and have safe travels. El Paso is having a "Hospitality Room" for the Convention this year and the El Paso Chapter is asking Assemblies and Councils if they can contribute to the costs for the Hospitality. I am Chair for Hospitality and you can contact me at 915-251-0307 (text or call).



Jesus coming out of tomb (Gods411.com). Jesus didn't need the stone removed to leave His Tomb, made of solid rock, as He could move through solid walls (John 20:19-20). Rather, an Angel removed the stone sealing His Tomb so that the Roman soldiers and the Disciples could see that it was empty (Matthew 28:1-11). (www.Biblica.com)

Faithful Scribe's Script

SK Faithful Scribe Joe O'Connor: The key event in our Catholic faith is the Resurrection of Jesus Christ from the dead. As Saint Paul put it "and if Christ has not been raised, your faith is vain;" (1 Corinthians 15:17). All Catholics believe in the Resurrection, and most have taken it as a matter of faith alone. But what if there was physical proof of the Resurrection? Many would point to the Shroud of Turin that some have dismissed as a fraud due to a carbon dating test. Since that test, much more evidence of its authenticity has been gathered. See the article and inset on page 2 for more information on the Shroud of Turin.

Faithful Navigator's Log (Continued)

SK Faithful Navigator Jesus Quintanar: *[continued]*

Knights of Columbus, two stand out: Charity and Patriotism. We can show our love of God through acts of Charity towards our Parish Community, Seminarians, Disabled (Wheelchair Fund), and the Unborn, to name a few. These acts of Charity follow one of Jesus' two commandments: Love thy neighbor as yourself. As Fourth Degree Knights, Patriotism honors our Country, founded on Judeo-Christian principles. The Knights of Columbus were instrumental in adding "under God" to the Pledge of Allegiance. We can honor our Flag and the Veterans who served; we can encourage civic thoughts among our youths through Patriotic Essay Contests; and we can observe Holidays that commemorate the Americans who helped make our Country great and the key Events in our Nation's history. So, as Knights, how can we say "I love you God"? We can perform acts of Charity through our service in our Councils and we can perform acts of Patriotism through our service to our Assembly. Make this Easter more meaningful by rededicating ourselves to thank God for His Love through service to our neighbors and service to our Nation. I wish all of our Sir Knights and their families a Blessed and Happy Easter! **Vivat Jesus!**



Disproving the Shroud's Carbon Dating

In September 1988, the New York Times published an article with the headline "Tests Show Shroud of Turin to Be Fraud, Scientist Hints." The following February, Nature published research which declared there was "conclusive evidence" based on carbon dating that the Shroud of Turin was medieval and "not from the time of Christ." The authors dated the Shroud to between 1260 and 1390 with "at least 95 percent confidence." This claim has been disproven in several ways. First, the carbon-dating samples sent to three different labs were not the same, differing in distance from the edge of the Shroud, so statistically there is only a 1% level of confidence, not 95%, in the carbon-dating. Second, analysis of those samples showed that they were made of cotton while the Shroud itself is made only of linen. Third, analysis of vanillin (produced from lignin, a component of plant cell walls) was used in new samples. If the Shroud was made in 1260 as claimed, the percentage of vanillin remaining should be 37% but samples tested showed no vanillin, meaning that the Shroud is much older. Fourth, analysis of 58 pollen grains on the Shroud were compared to pollen in the largest botanical museums around the world and have been dated back 2,000 years and located to an area near the Sea of Galilee. Fifth, using new technology of Wide-Angle X-ray Scattering, which measures the natural aging of flax cellulose and converts it to the time since manufacture, the Shroud has been compared to known samples that ranged from 3000 BC to 2000 AD, and matched with a sample from the siege of Masada, Israel, in 55-74 AD, near the time of Christ.

The Shroud of Turin: The Evidence



The Shroud of Turin: Modern, digitally processed image of the face on the cloth [left] and the full body image as seen on the shroud [right].(ancient-origins.net)

The evidence for the Shroud of Turin's authenticity includes (1) history (2) image, (3) blood, and (4) foreign objects. History. The Shroud, found by Peter and John on Easter morning (John 20: 5-7), next appeared in Edessa in 387-388. After that, it survived the sack of Constantinople in 1204 and wound up in Lirey, France where expositions of the Shroud were held. The Shroud was acquired by the Duke of Savoy and moved it to Sainte-Chapelle in Chambéry, France in 1502 where it survived a fire there in 1532. In 1578, it was then moved to the new seat of the House of Savoy in Turin, Italy where it survived another fire in 1997 and resides today. (Shroud pollens confirm all these locations.) Image. Until 1898, the Shroud contained a fuzzy image of a man. In that year, an amateur photographer discovered that his negatives contained a much clearer image. Scientists have not found any dyes, chemicals or vapors on the Shroud and have hypothesized that energy equal to 14,000 ultraviolet lasers created the image without scorching the fabric. Holographic (3-dimensional) views of the Shroud show, at the moment the energy created the image, the man was **floating above the stone slab**, i.e., the body had no deformation that would be present if he was resting on the slab. Blood. Extensive analysis of numerous wounds on the body correspond to a crown of thorns, nails in the hands and feet, a spear thrust in the side, and the blood itself is human, type AB, but not determined if it's positive or negative. Foreign objects. Some pollens found on the shroud correspond to those seen annually in the Jerusalem area in April-May and have been dated back 2,000 years. Dirt found on the Shroud is a type of limestone that can only be found near Jerusalem. On the eyelids of the man are two Roman lepta, minted in A.D. 29 by Pontius Pilate in Judea at the time of Jesus.

Assembly's Knights in Action

Council 6711, 12160 and 14413 Lenten Fish Fries



On March 22, 2024, Thunderbird Council 6711 held its third Fish Fry in the Saint Mathew Dining Hall. Manning the serving line were Knights (left to right): Ward Cosgrove, Manny Saldanha, SK Marc Carrillo, and Joe Mroczenski. (Photo: Knight James Barela)



On March 15, 2024, Franklin Mountain Council 12160 held its third Fish Fry in the Saint Luke Parish Hall. Manning the desert table were Sir Knights Armando Uranga (left) and Gerald Michael (right). (Photo: Sir Knight Grand Knight Mike Chavarria)

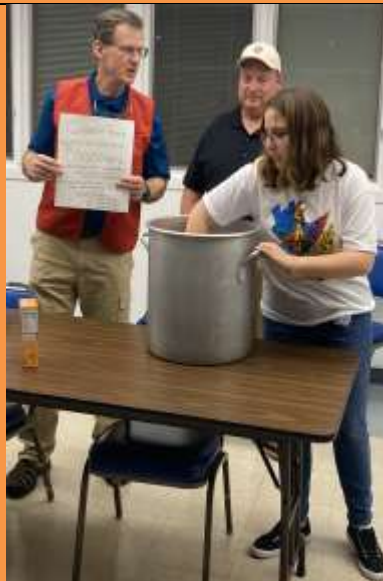


On March 15, 2024, Rio Grande Council 14413 held its fifth Fish Fry. Working in the kitchen and on the grill outside were (left to right): Patrick Fenton (son of SK GK Dan Fenton) and Knights Gerry Cochrane, George Guebara, Jesse Saenz, SK PGK Robert Valdiviez and Jacob Cooksey. (Photo: SK Grand Knight Dan Fenton)



On March 15, 2024, Rio Grande Council 14413 held its fifth Fish Fry. Sir Knight Deputy Grand Knight Jeffrey "Scooter" Fretland served French fries to a Parishioner in the Queen of Peace Parish Hall. The Council held a total of six Fish Fries during Lent which were a financial success for the Council. (Photo: Sir Knight Grand Knight Dan Fenton)

On March 15, 2024, Rio Grande Council 14413 held a 50-50 Raffle at its fifth Fish Fry. Sir Knights Alan Cooksey (left) and Grand Knight Dan Fenton (center) watch as the daughter of Knight Eric Geedy drew the winning raffle ticket. Knight Eric Geedy's daughter also led a group of Loretto Academy students to help serve during the Fish Fry. (Photo Sir Knight Past Grand Knight Robert Valdiviez)



On March 22, 2024, Queen of Peace Catholic Church held a Reconciliation Service involving several Priests. Rio Grande Council 14413 Knights who directed Parishioners to the waiting Priests included (left to right) SK Past Grand Knight Robert Valdiviez and Knights Patrick Ross, Leo Hernandez, Eddie Urquiza. (Photo: Sir Knight Past Grand Knight Robert Valdiviez)

